



## Designation: A 48/A 48M – 003

# Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A 48/A 48M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense. This specification replaces Federal Specification QQ-I-652.*

### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers gray iron castings intended for general engineering use where tensile strength is a major consideration. Castings are classified on the basis of the tensile strength of the iron in separately cast test bars.

1.1.1 This specification subordinates chemical composition to tensile strength.

1.2 Castings produced to this specification are graded on the basis of minimum tensile strength obtained in special test coupons designed to standardize cooling rate. The tensile strength developed in certain casting sections may vary from test coupon values (see X1.2).

1.3 The values stated in either inch-pound units or SI units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system are not exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in nonconformance with the specification.

### 2. Referenced Documents

#### 2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 644 Terminology Relating to Iron Castings

E 8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

#### 2.2 Military Standard:

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<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A04 on Iron Castings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A04.01 on Gray Iron Castings. Current edition approved May 10, 2000; Dec. 1, 2003. Published June 2000; January 2004. Originally published as A 48 – 05, approved in 1905. Last previous edition A 48 – 94a, approved in 2000 as A 48 – 00.

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage<sup>2</sup>

2.3 *Federal Standard:*

Federal Standard No. 123 Marking for Shipment (Civil Agencies)<sup>2</sup>

### 3. Terminology

#### 3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Definitions for many terms common to gray iron castings are found in Terminology A 644.

### 4. Classification

4.1 Castings ordered and produced in accordance with this specification are classified into a number of grades based on the properties of separately cast test bars (Table 1, Table 2). Each class is designated by a number followed by a letter. The number indicates the minimum tensile strength of the separately cast test bar, and the letter indicates the size of the test bar. Examples of proper designations are as follows:

Gray Iron Castings, ASTM Specification A 48, Class 30B.

Gray Iron Castings, ASTM Specification A 48, Class 40C.

### 5. Ordering Information

5.1 Orders for material to this specification shall include the following information:

5.1.1 ASTM designation number and year of issue,

5.1.2 Class of iron required (see 4.1, Table 1, and Table 2),

5.1.3 The size of the separately cast test bar (letter classification—A, B, C, or S) that best represents the thickness of the controlling section of the casting (see Table 2, 3),

5.1.4 The tension test specimen (B or C) to be machined from test bar C (see 13.3, Table 3, 4, and Fig. 1),

5.1.5 The tension test specimen to be machined from test bar S (see 13.4, Table 3, 4, and Fig. 1),

5.1.6 Lot size (see Section 10),

5.1.7 Special requirements (see Section 6),

5.1.8 Saving tested specimens or unbroken test bars (see 15.1), and

5.1.9 Special preparation for delivery (see Section 19).

### 6. Special Requirements

6.1 When agreed upon in writing between the manufacturer and the purchaser, it may be necessary for the castings to meet special requirements as to hardness, chemical composition, microstructure, pressure tightness, radiographic soundness, dimensions, surface finish, etc.—and so forth.

### 7. Tensile Requirements

7.1 Test bars representing castings conforming to this specification shall meet the requirements for tensile strength as described in Table 1 and Table 2.

### 8. Dimensional Requirements

8.1 The castings shall conform to the dimensions or drawings furnished by the purchaser, or, if there are no drawings, to the dimensions predicted by the pattern equipment supplied by the purchaser.

### 9. Workmanship and Finish

9.1 The surface of the casting shall be free of adhering sand, scale, cracks, and hot tears, as determined by visual examination.

9.2 No repairing by plugging or welding of any kind shall be permitted unless written permission is granted by the purchaser.

### 10. Sampling

10.1 A lot shall consist of one of the following:

10.1.1 All the metal poured from a single heating in a batch type melting furnace.

10.1.2 All the metal from two or more batch type melting furnaces poured into a single ladle or a single casting.

10.1.3 All the metal poured from a continuous melting furnace for a given period of time between changes in charge, processing conditions, or aim-for chemistry or 4 h, whichever is the shorter period.

10.1.3.1 The purchaser may agree to extend the 4-h time period to 8 h if the manufacturer can demonstrate sufficient process control to warrant such an extension.

**TABLE 1 Requirements for Tensile Strength of Gray Cast Irons in Separately Cast Test Bars (Inch-Pound)**

Class	Tensile Strength, min, ksi [MPa]	Nominal Test Bar Diameter, in.-[mm]
No. 20-A	20 (138)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 20 A	<u>20</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 20 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 20 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 20 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 25-A	25 (172)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 25 A	<u>25</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 25 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 25 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 25 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 30-A	30 (207)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 30 A	<u>30</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 30 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 30 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 30 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 35-A	35 (241)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 35 A	<u>35</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 35 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 35 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 35 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 40-A	40 (276)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 40 A	<u>40</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 40 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 40 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 40 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 45-A	45 (310)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 45 A	<u>45</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 45 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 45 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 45 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 50-A	50 (345)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 50 A	<u>50</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 50 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 50 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 50 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 55-A	55 (379)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 55 A	<u>55</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 55 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 55 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 55 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 60-A	60 (414)	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 60 A	<u>60</u>	— 0.88 (22.4)
No. 60 B		1.2 (30.5)
No. 60 C		2.0 (50.8)
No. 60 S		Bars S <sup>A</sup>

<sup>A</sup>All dimensions of test bar S shall be as agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

## 11. Cast Test Bars

11.1 Test bars shall be separate castings poured from the same lot as the castings they represent and shall have dimensions as shown in Table 3-4. Allowance may be made for reasonable pattern draft within the tolerances shown in Table 3-4. Test bars A, B, and C are all standard test bars in the form of simple cylinders. Test bar S is special and is intended for use where the standard bars are not satisfactory.

11.2 The test bars shall be cast in dried, baked, or chemically bonded molds made mainly of an aggregate of siliceous sand with appropriate binders. The average grain size of the sand shall approximate that of the sand in which the castings are poured. Molds for the test bars shall be approximately at room temperature when poured. More than one test bar may be cast in a single mold, but each bar in the mold shall be surrounded by a thickness of sand which is not less than the diameter of the bar. A suitable design for a mold is shown in Fig. 2.

NOTE 1—The intent of these provisions is as follows: to prohibit the casting of test bars in molds of metal, graphite, zircon, light-weight aggregates, or other materials which would significantly affect the tensile strength of the iron; to prohibit control of tensile strength of the test bars by manipulation



**TABLE 2 Requirements for Tensile Strength of Gray Cast Irons  
in Separately Cast Test Bars (Metric)**

Class	Tensile Strength, min, ksi [MPa]	Nominal Test Bar Diameter, in. [mm]
No. 150A	150	20 to 22
No. 150B	—	30
No. 150C	—	50
No. 150S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 175A	175	—
No. 175B	—	20 to 22
No. 175C	—	30
No. 175S	—	50
No. 175S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 200A	200	—
No. 200B	—	20 to 22
No. 200C	—	30
No. 200S	—	50
No. 200S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 225A	225	—
No. 225B	—	20 to 22
No. 225C	—	30
No. 225S	—	50
No. 225S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 250A	250	—
No. 250B	—	20 to 22
No. 250C	—	30
No. 250S	—	50
No. 250S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 275A	275	—
No. 275B	—	20 to 22
No. 275C	—	30
No. 275S	—	50
No. 275S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 300A	300	—
No. 300B	—	20 to 22
No. 300C	—	30
No. 300S	—	50
No. 300S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 325A	325	—
No. 325B	—	20 to 22
No. 325C	—	30
No. 325S	—	50
No. 325S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 350A	350	—
No. 350B	—	20 to 22
No. 350C	—	30
No. 350S	—	50
No. 350S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 375A	375	—
No. 375B	—	20 to 22
No. 375C	—	30
No. 375S	—	50
No. 375S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>
No. 400A	400	—
No. 400B	—	20 to 22
No. 400C	—	30
No. 400S	—	50
No. 400S	—	Bars S <sup>A</sup>

<sup>A</sup>All dimensions of test bar S shall be as agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

of the grain size of the sand; and to prohibit the casting of test bars in molds preheated substantially above room temperature.

11.3 Test bars that are intended to represent castings that are cooled in the mold to less than 900°F [480°C], before shakeout, shall be cooled in their molds to a temperature less than 900°F [480°C]. They then may be cooled in still air to room temperature.

11.4 Test bars that are intended to represent castings that are hotter than 900°F [480°C], when shaken out of their molds, shall be cooled as described in 11.3 or (by agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser) may be shaken out of their molds at approximately the same temperature as the castings they represent.

11.5 When castings are stress-relieved, annealed, or otherwise heat-treated, test bars shall receive the same thermal treatment and shall be treated adjacent to the castings they represent.

## 12. Number of Tests and Retests

12.1 The tension test shall be conducted in accordance with Test Method E 8.

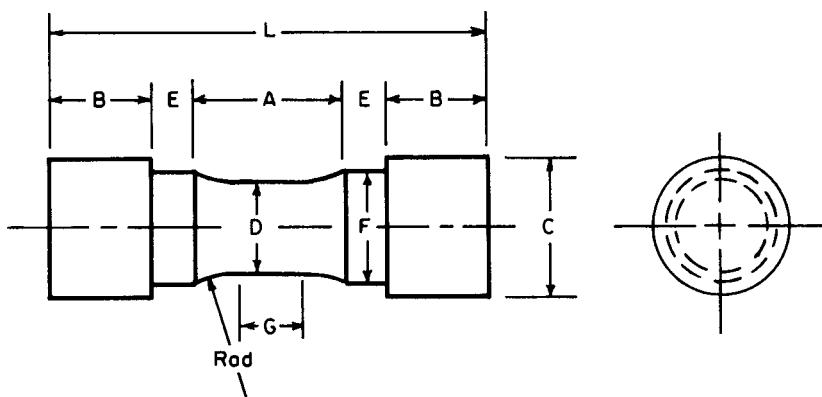
**TABLE 2 3** Separately Cast Test Bars for Use When a Specific Correlation Has Not Been Established Between the Test Bar and the Casting

Thickness of the Wall of the Controlling Section of the Casting, in. [mm]	Test Bar
Under 0.25 [under 6]	S
Under 0.25 [under 5]	S
0.25 to 0.50 [6 to 13]	A
0.25 to 0.50 [5 to 14]	A
0.51 to 1.00 [13 to 25]	B
0.51 to 1.00 [15 to 25]	B
1.01 to 2 [26 to 54]	G
1.01 to 2 [26 to 50]	C
Over 2 [over 54]	S
Over 2 [over 50]	S

**TABLE 3 4** Diameters and Lengths of Cast Test Bars

Test Bar	As-Cast Diameter, in. [mm]			Length, in. [mm]	
	Nominal (Mid-Length)	Minimum (Bottom)	Maximum (Top)	Minimum (Specified)	Maximum (Recommended)
A	0.88 [22.5]	0.85 [21.5]	0.96 [24.5]	5.0 [125]	6.0 [150]
A	0.88 [22.4]	0.85 [21.6]	0.96 [24.4]	5.0 [125]	6.0 [150]
B	1.20 [30.5]	1.14 [29.0]	1.32 [33.5]	6.0 [150]	9.0 [230]
C	2.00 [50.8]	1.90 [48.3]	2.10 [53.3]	7.0 [175]	10.0 [255]
S <sup>a</sup>	...	...	...	...	...

<sup>a</sup>All dimensions of test bar S shall be as agreed upon by the manufacturer and the purchaser.



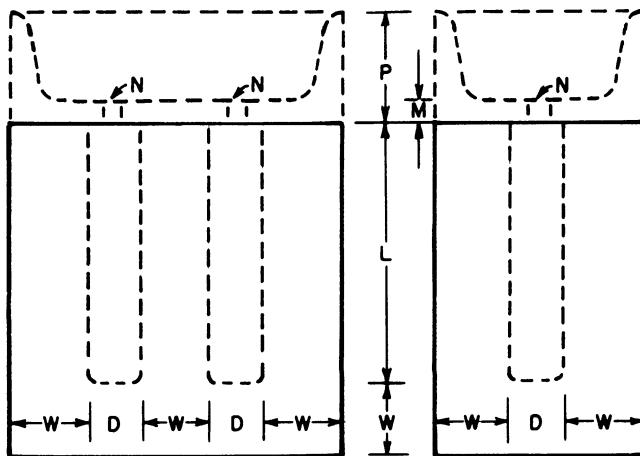
Dimensions, in. [mm]	Tension Test Specimen A	Tension Test Specimen B	Tension Test Specimen C
G—Length of parallel, min	0.50 [13]	0.75 [19]	1.25 [32]
D—Diameter	0.500 ± 0.010 [12.7 ± 0.25]	0.750 ± 0.015 [19.0 ± 0.38]	1.25 ± 0.025 [30 ± 0.65]
R—Radius of fillet, min	1 [25]	1 [25]	2 [50]
A—Length of reduced section, min	1 1/4 [32]	1 1/2 [38]	2 1/4 [57]
L—Over-all length, min	3 3/4 [95]	4 [100]	6 3/4 [160]
C—Diameter of end section, approx	7/8 [22]	1 1/4 [32]	1 1/4 [48]
C—Diameter of end section, approx	7/8 [20]	1 1/4 [20]	1 1/8 [47]
E—Length of shoulder, min	1/4 [6]	1/4 [6]	5/16 [8]
F—Diameter of shoulder	5/8 ± 1/64 [16 ± 0.4]	15/16 ± 1/64 [25 ± 0.4]	17/16 ± 1/64 [36 ± 0.4]
B—Length of end section	A	A	A

<sup>a</sup>Optional to fit holders on testing machine. If threaded, root diameter shall not be less than dimension F.

**FIG. 1 Tension-Test Specimens**

12.2 One tension test shall be performed on each lot and shall conform to the tensile requirements specified.

12.3 If the results of a valid test fail to conform to the requirements of this specification, two retests shall be made. If either retest fails to meet the specification requirements, the castings represented by these test specimens shall be rejected. A valid test is one wherein the specimen has been properly prepared and appears to be sound and on which the approved test procedure has been followed.



*Required Features:*

1. Material—Aggregate of dry siliceous sand.
2. Position—Bars vertical.
3.  $L$ —See Table 3.
4.  $D$ —See Table 3.
5.  $W$ —Not less than diameter  $D$ .

*Optional Features:*

1. Number of test bars in a single mold—Two suggested.
2. Design of pouring cup.
3.  $P$ —2 in. [50 mm], suggested.
4.  $N$ — $5/16$  in. [8 mm] in diameter, suggested.
5.  $M = 1.5 N$ , suggested.

**FIG. 2 Suitable Design and Dimensions for Mold for Separately Cast Cylindrical Test Bars for Gray Iron**

12.4 If sufficient separately cast test pieces are not available, the manufacturer shall have the option of removing a test specimen from a location of representative casting, as agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser.

12.5 If the first test results indicate that a heat treatment is needed to meet the test requirements, the entire lot of castings and the representative test specimens shall be heat treated together. Testing shall proceed in accordance with 12.1-12.3.

12.6 If, after testing, a test specimen shows evidence of a defect, the results of the test may be invalidated and another made on a specimen from the same lot.

### 13. Tension Test Specimens

13.1 For test Bar A, the tension-test specimen A, as shown in Fig. 1, shall be machined concentric with the axis of the test bar.

13.2 For test Bar B, the tension test specimen B, as shown in Fig. 1, shall be machined concentric with the axis of the test bar.

13.3 For test Bar C, tension test specimens B or C, as shown in Fig. 1, shall be machined concentric with the axis of the test bar. Unless the size of the tension test specimen to be machined from test bar C is specified in writing by the purchaser, the decision whether to use tension test specimen B or C shall be made by the manufacturer of the castings.

13.4 For test bar S, the nature and dimensions of the tension test specimen shall be determined by agreement between the manufacturer and purchaser.

### 14. Tension Test

14.1 Tension test specimens shall fit the holders of the testing machine in such a way that the load shall be axial.

14.2 The elapsed time from the beginning of loading in the tension test to the instant of fracture shall be not less than 15 s for test specimen A and not less than 20 s for specimens B and C.

### 15. Inspection

15.1 Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall be responsible for carrying out all the tests and inspections required by this specification, using his own or other reliable facilities, and he shall maintain complete records of all such tests and inspections. Such records shall be available for review by the purchaser.

15.1.1 When agreed upon between the manufacturer and purchaser, tested specimens or unbroken test bars from the same lot shall be saved for a period of three months after the date of the test report.

15.2 The purchaser reserves the right to perform any of the inspections set forth in the specification where such inspections are deemed necessary to ensure that supplies and services conform to the prescribed requirements.

### 16. Rejection and Resubmission

16.1 Any castings or lot of castings failing to comply with the requirements of this specification may, where possible, be reprocessed, retested, and reinspected. If the tests and inspections on the reprocessed casting(s) show compliance with this specification, the castings shall be acceptable; if they do not, they shall be rejected.

16.2 If the purchaser should find that a casting or lot of castings fails to comply with this specification subsequent to receipt at his facility, he shall so notify the manufacturer promptly and in no case later than six weeks after receipt of the shipment, stating clearly the basis for rejection.

## 17. Certification

17.1 When specified by the purchaser's order or contract, a manufacturer's certification or compliance statement that the casting or lot of castings was made, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with this specification, including a report of test results shall be furnished at the time of shipment, and such certification or compliance statement shall be the basis for acceptance of the casting or lot of castings.

17.2 A signature is not required on the certification or test report. However, the document shall clearly identify the organization submitting the certification and the authorized agent of the manufacturer who certified the test results. Notwithstanding the absence of a signature, the organization submitting the certification is responsible for its content.

## 18. Product Marking

18.1 When the size of the casting permits, each casting shall bear the identifying mark of the manufacturer and the part or pattern number at a location shown on the covering drawing or, if not shown on the drawing, at a location at the discretion of the producer.

## 19. Preparation for Delivery

19.1 Unless otherwise stated in the contract or order, the cleaning, preservation and packing of castings for shipment shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's commercial practice. Packaging and marking shall also be adequate to identify the contents and to ensure acceptance and safe delivery by the carrier for the mode of transportation employed.

19.2 *U.S. Government Procurement*—When specified in the contract or purchase order, marking for shipment shall be in accordance with the requirements of Fed. Std. No. 123 for civil agencies and MIL-STD-129 for military activities.

## 20. Keywords

20.1 gray iron castings

## APPENDIX

### (Nonmandatory Information)

#### X1. MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF CASTINGS

X1.1 The mechanical properties of iron castings are influenced by the cooling rate during and after solidification, by chemical composition (particularly carbon equivalent), by the design of the casting, by the design and nature of the mold, by the location and effectiveness of gates and risers, and by certain other factors.

X1.2 The cooling rate in the mold and, hence, the properties developed in any particular section are influenced by the presence of cores; chills and chaplets; changes in section thickness; and the existence of bosses, projections, and intersections, such as junctions of ribs and bosses. Because of the complexity of the interactions of these factors, no precise quantitative relationship can be stated between the properties of the iron in various locations of the same casting or between the properties of a casting and those of a test specimen cast from the same iron. When such a relationship is important and must be known for a specification application, it may be determined by appropriate experimentation.

X1.3 Gray iron castings in Classes 20, 25, 30 and 35 are characterized by excellent machinability, high damping capacity, low modulus of elasticity, and comparative ease of manufacture.

X1.3.1 Castings in Classes 40, 45, 50, 55 and 60 are usually more difficult to machine, have lower damping capacity and a higher modulus of elasticity, and are more difficult to manufacture.

X1.4 When reliable information is unavailable on the relationship between properties in a casting and those in a separately cast test specimen, and where experimentation would be unfeasible, the size of the test casting should be so selected as to approximate the thickness of the main or controlling section of the casting.

X1.5 If iron castings are welded (see 9.2), the microstructure of the iron is usually altered, particularly in the vicinity of the weldment. Therefore, the properties of the casting may be adversely affected by welding. Where practical, appropriate post weld heat treatment may reduce this effect of welding.



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